

MAINTENANCE AND MATERIAL CHARACTERISTICS

A) MAINTENANCE

The furniture is designed for bathroom use but is not made to be in constant contact with water.

In case of water leaks into furniture or in case of water spills the water must be immediately wiped off with a dry soft cloth. Defects caused by long-term or repeated exposure to water are not subject to warranty claims.

Use moist, non-abrasive cloth and non-abrasive cleaners. It is recommended to regularly treat wooden surfaces (solid wood, veneer) with specially formulated wood cleaners (e.g. Pronto).

Mirrors should be cleaned with non-abrasive cleaners designed for this purpose.

As a general rule, matt and dark shades require higher maintenance.

B) GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS AND PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS, MAINTENANCE

Lacquer surfaces in RAL, NCS

MDF board or laminated chipboard with edging coated in several layers of polyurethane lacquer.

Despite its considerable resistance it requires careful maintenance.

Matt and dark shades require careful handling. The surfaces should be cleaned with minimum amount of water and dry soft cloth. Any spilled liquid must be wiped off instantly. Do not use abrasive cleaning products.

Make sure that the surfaces are not scratched or lacquer is not damaged. To remove stains, use diluted soapy water made from 1/4 soap powder and 1 litre lukewarm water.

Do not use solvents.

Natural veneer

Natural wood, 0,6 mm thick veneer pressed onto a substrate (MDF, particleboard).

Surface finish in semi-gloss water-based lacquer, possibly stained.

Veneer is a natural material, variations in colour or structure are not quality flaws but its natural characteristics and are not subject to warranty claims. Each piece of furniture is unique.

Wood and veneer are sensitive to UV light. In the first 6-8 weeks of light exposure the surface should be kept free of any objects and decorations. Uneven absorption of sun rays might leave permanent traces.

The shade typical for a given wood develops over a certain time.

Wood and veneer are highly sensitive to liquids. The surfaces should be cleaned with minimum amount of water and dry soft cloth. Any spilled liquid must be wiped off instantly.

Do not use abrasive cleaning products.

Make sure that the surfaces are not scratched. For cleaning and maintenance, use the detergent suitable for wooden surfaces. We recommend to use the detergent on non visible surface first.

Do not use solvents.

Steelsheet STL.RAL

Natural cold-rolled steel sheet 3 mm thick, coated in powder colour.

Matt and dark shades require more maintenance.

Do not use abrasive cleaning products. Make sure that the surfaces are not scratched or lacquer is not damaged. To remove stains, use diluted soapy water.

Do not use solvents.

Corian®

DuPont Corianis a solid, non-porous, homogeneous material composed of approximately 1/3 acrylic resin (polymethylmethacrylatePMMA) and 2/3 natural minerals, particularly aluminumtrihydrate(ATH) derived from bauxite.

Since its introduction in 1967 it has consistently proved its durability. DuPont Corianis resistant to most impacts, scratches and other types of everyday surface wear and tear.

DuPont Corianis a non-porous material strong through its entire thickness.

Its processing gives it seamless appearance, which provides high hygiene of the surface.

It does not promote the growth of bacteria, mould or mildew. It has been certified by an independent laboratory as a hygienic material according to the international norm . DIN EN ISO 846. DuPont Corianis inert and nontoxic. Under normal temperatures it does not emit hazardous air pollutants.

Surfaces made from DuPont Corianare restorable, i.e. they can be fully restored to the original state with ordinary mild abrasive cleansers.

Clean with moistsoft cloth and common cleaners. More resistant stains (wine, vinegar, nail varnish, tea, coffee, cigarette burns, etc.) can be removed by a soft abrasive cleaning pad (Scotchbrite™) and a mild abrasive cleaning product. Rinse surface with clean water and dry with a soft cloth.

Do not use aggressive chemicals, such as acetone, trichloroethylene or strong acids.

Matt and dark shades require more care.

Solid wood

Solid wood panels from broadleaved or coniferous trees. Solid wood panels may contain knots and cracks.

Remember that wood is a beautiful natural material and variations in colour or structure are not quality flaws but its natural characteristics and do not constitute ground for warranty claims.

Wood and veneer are affected by light. During the first 6-8 weeks when the furniture is exposed to ambient light, the surface should be left free of objects and decorations. Uneven absorption of the sun's rays could lead to the formation of permanent traces.

Wood and veneer are highly sensitive to liquids. The surfaces should be cleaned with minimum amount of water and dry soft cloth. Any spilled liquid must be wiped off instantly.

Do not use abrasive cleaning products.

Make sure that the surfaces are not scratched or lacquer is not damaged. For cleaning and maintenance, use the detergent suitable for wooden surfaces. We recommend to use the detergent on non visible surface first.

Do not use solvents.

Compact laminate / HPL

Multi-layered material composed of decorative paper impregnated with melamine resin, several phenolic-resin impregnated core layers and a special overlay layer. These layers are compressed at a high pressure (<MPa) and temperature (140-150°C).

The resulting material is hardwearing, homogenous, hygienic, colour stable, heat resistant (up to 180°C), non-porous and easy to maintain.

It can be used to make worktops.

Clean with a moist soft cloth and diluted soapy water. Rinse surface with clean water and dry with a soft cloth.

Do not use aggressive chemicals and abrasive detergents.

Matt and dark shades require higher maintenance. Any scratches are more visible.

Extra clear lacquered glass 6 mm thick (Float 10 mm for kitchen worktops)

Extra clear and float satin glass 6 mm thick, its underside lacquered by acrylic lacquer in RAL. It is lacquered by hand and the supplier reserves the right to the possible occurrence of minor faults in the applied lacquer (different colour dots smaller than 1 mm² in the maximum amount of 10 mm² per 1 m² of glass).

Owing to the basic characteristics of the primary raw material (clear float glass – perceptible greenish hue, extra clear glass –slight colouring), the supplier reserves the right to minor variations in colour.

In case of additional orders, a 100% match of the glass hue cannot be guaranteed due to different colouring of the basic material.

In order to safeguard better properties, the glass is usually tempered. In some cases, however, tempering is not possible (e.g. large cut-outs for washbasins). Production tolerance of glass is +/-2 mm. The offset of glass from surrounding objects is +/-3 mm.

Lacquer is applied on the reverse side, that is why you can clean the glass by commonly used glass detergents. However, highly alkaline cleaners or strong acid-based cleaners are not suitable, as they are aggressive and cause irreversible corrosion. Abrasive cleaners are not suitable either (e.g. abrasive sands, abrasive cleaning pads).

Thermal resistance of tempered glass is 200°C. Despite the fact that tempered glass is up to 7 times more resistant to surface damage, its surface is not hard enough to prevent scratches from sharp objects, such as grains of sand or hard metals.